# Using carbonyl sulfide to explore coastal fog and coast redwood interdependence

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Coast redwoods (sequioa sempervirens): are the tallest trees on Earth grow in a narrow fog-shrouded band along the U.S. West Coast. • Little is know about coastal fogredwood growth feedbacks. And coastal fog is declining with increasing temperature and coastal urbanization.

# Q3: Can WRF-NOAH simulate land surface-fog interactions?

Experiment 1: make a vast swathe of North America

the big Q: what do stomata do as fog dissipates?

H1: stomata close (redwoods are "heaters")

H2: stomata stay open (redwoods are "coolers")



#### Q1: Why carbonyl sulfide (OCS)?

### urban: "the biggest hammer we can find"

% of model hours foggy latent heat flux (Wm<sup>-2</sup>)





- 5.57 - 4.17 - 2.78 - 1.39 - 0.00 - -1.39 - -2.78 - -4.17 - -5.57





sensible heat flux (Wm<sup>-2</sup>)

201.7 179.3 156.8 134.4 112.0 89.6 67.2 44.8 22.4 0.0

fog decreases...

- 20.90 - 15.68 - 10.45 - 5.23 - 0.00 - -5.23 - -10.45 - -15.68 - -20.90

latent heat gives way to sensible heat

- 5.57 - 4.17 - 2.78 - 1.39 - 0.00 - -1.39 - -2.78 - -4.17 - -5.57

Experiment 2: remove all urbanization

% of model hours foggy



latent heat flux (Wm<sup>-2</sup>)







# Q2: Is there a redwood OCS signal?



sensible heat gives way to latent heat (at least near cities) fog increases... Experiment 3: urbanize the redwood groves:



Preliminary flask samples from the field say "yes". Note larger OCS decline from coast to redwoods vs. coast to grassland!



Our flask samples Our transport model (STEM) largely agree with simulates the flask NOAA/ESRL/GMD's samples fairly well. nearby site (Mt. Sutro)

latent heat gives way to sensible heat (at least near redwoods)



#### Q4: are these widespread coming up: changes meaningful? canopy [OCS] obs differences significant at 95% Offshore fog changes are not significant. Fog changes near redwood range are less likely noise but more work is needed! significant at 95%

 continuous redwood • implement redwood stomatal behavior in WRF-NOAH (or WRF-



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Figures: Campbell et al. (2017), JGR Biogeosci, 10.1002/2016JG003703